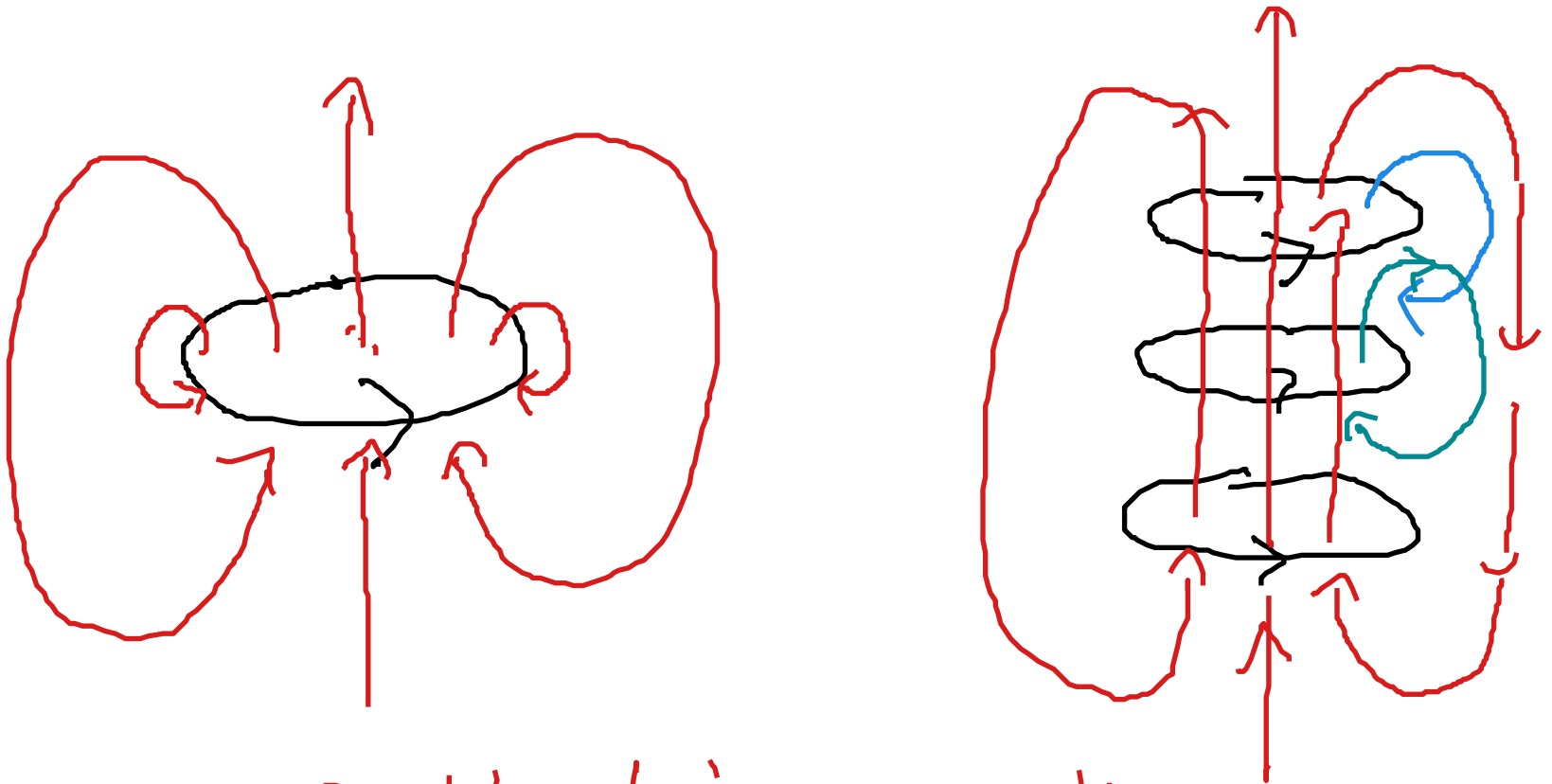


Solenoid

- coil of wire
around a cylinder

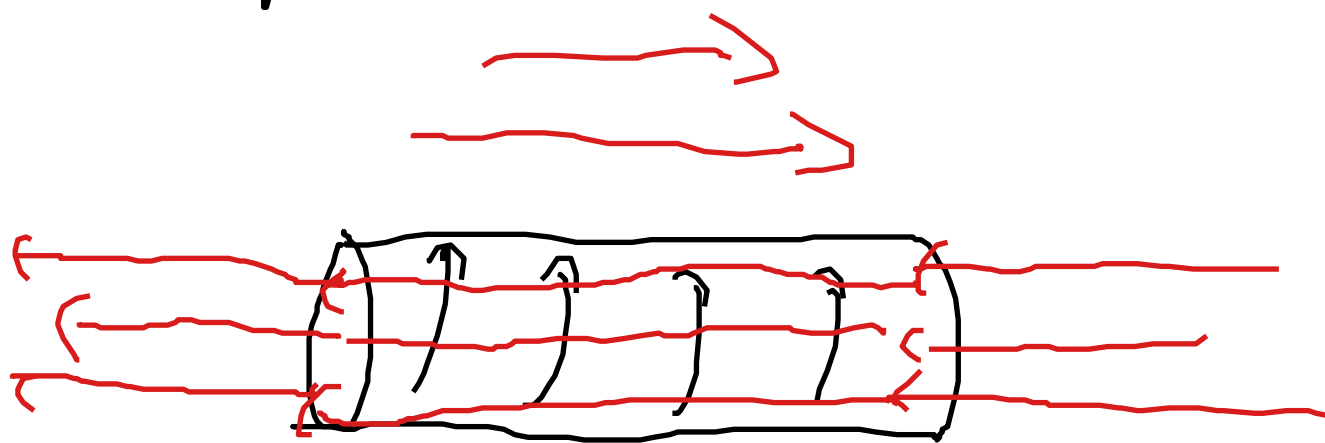
or a stack of loops



All field lines go through solenoid -
field inside solenoid is strong

Field lines inside solenoid do not
converge or diverge (except ends)
so field is uniform

Infinite Solenoid



rotational and translational
Symmetry

$\vec{B}$ inside points $\leftarrow$
and can only depend
on distance from axis $\vec{B}(r)$

$\vec{B}$ outside points $\rightarrow$
and can only depend
on distance from axis $\vec{B}(r)$

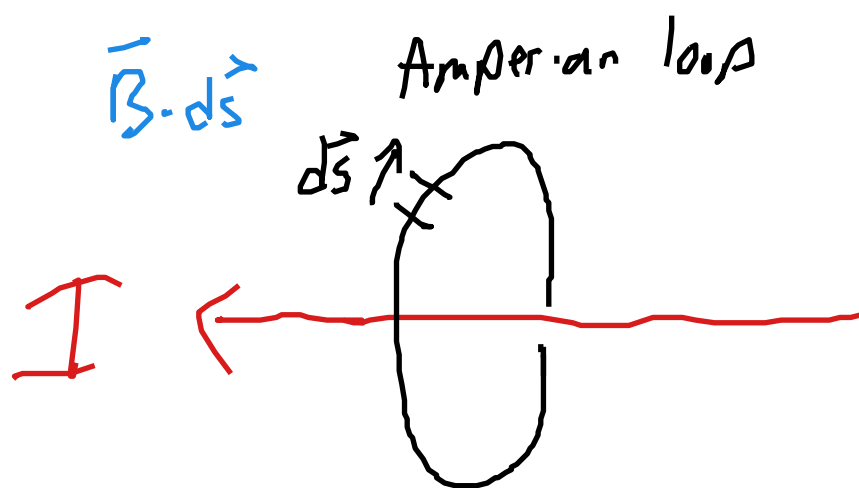
Side - Step

Ampere's Law

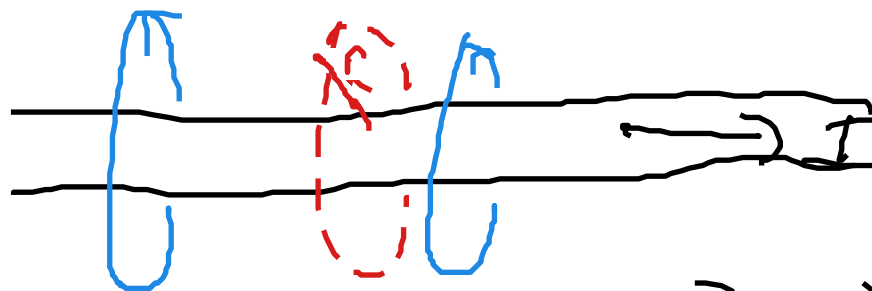
(analogous to Gauss' Law)

choose an Amperian loop

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \mu_0 I_{\text{thru loop}}$$



Long Straight Wire



Magnetic field is $\vec{B}(r)$
according to symmetry

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s}$$

$\vec{B} \times d\vec{s}$ both
point around
circle

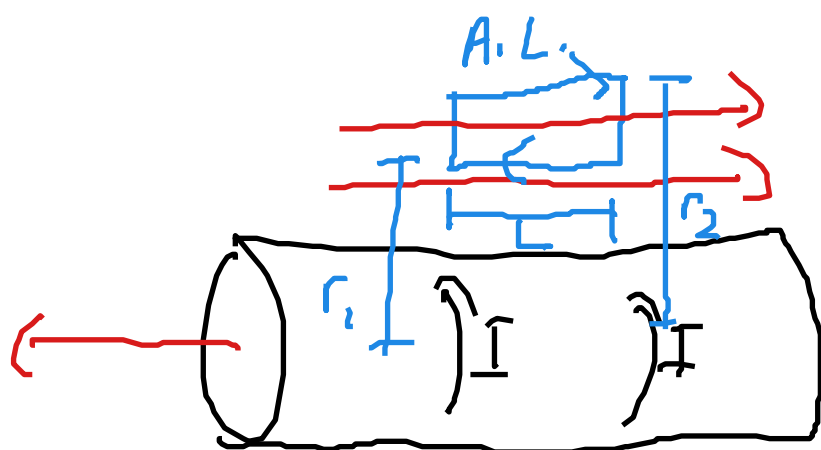
$$\oint B(r) ds$$
$$B(r) \oint ds$$

$B(r)$ is same
everywhere on the circle
due to symmetry

$$B(r) 2\pi r = \mu_0 I$$

$$B(r) = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$$

Solenoid



$$\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} =$$

top $\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \int B(r_2) ds = B(r_2)L$

left $\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = 0$

bottom $\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = -\int B(r_1) ds = -B(r_1)L$

right 0

$$\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \underbrace{[B(r_2) - B(r_1)]}_{\text{no wires piercing A.L.}} L = \mu_0 I_{\text{thru}}$$

$B(r_1) = B(r_2)$

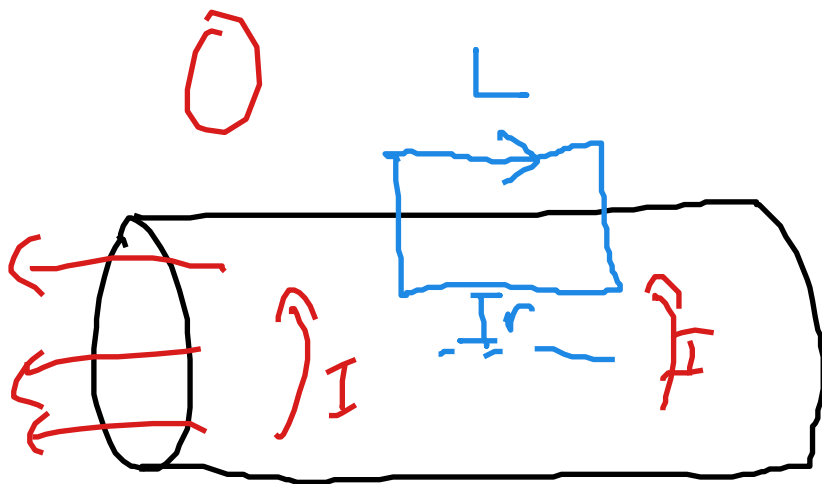
$= 0$ no wires piercing A.L.

True for any r_1, r_2 outside
the solenoid

$$B = 0 \quad \text{at } r = \infty$$

$\therefore B = 0$ everywhere
outside the ∞ solenoid

it does not leak



$$\int \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \begin{array}{cccc} \text{top} & \text{left} & \text{bottom} & \text{right} \\ 0 & 0 & B(r)L & 0 \end{array}$$

no field

$$B(r)L = \mu_0 I_{\text{thru}}$$

$$= \mu_0 NI$$

$$B(r) = \mu_0 I \frac{N}{L}$$

$$= \mu_0 I n$$

$N =$
of coils
passing
through
loop

n : coil
density
coils/meter

For a strong field,

- turn up current
- use thinner wires
to pack them closer
together

(but don't forget to
insulate them!)

If solenoid is wrapped
around a ferromagnetic core,
replace μ_0 with μ (Fe! $\mu = 5000\mu_0$)

$$B = \mu I n$$