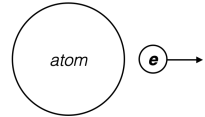


2

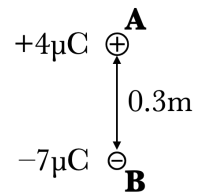
1. _____ If a neutral atom loses an electron, it becomes
A) negatively charged **B)** positively charged



2

2. Consider a charge $q_A = +4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$ which is 0.3 m above a charge $q_B = -7 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$.

- (a) _____ Which charge feels the greater force?
A) charge A **B)** charge B
C) both feel the same force



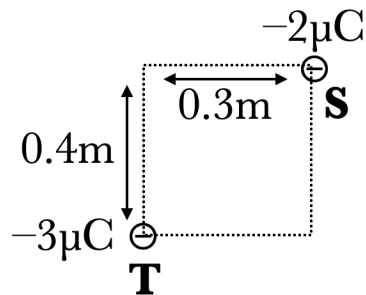
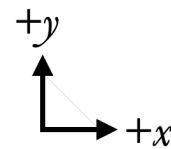
2

- (b) _____ In what direction does charge B feel a force?
A) upward **B)** downward

4

- (c) What is the magnitude $|\vec{F}|$ of the force that charge B feels?

3. Consider a charge $q_S = -2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$ on the upper-right corner of a 0.3 m by 0.4 m rectangle. A $q_T = -3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ C}$ charge is on the lower-left corner of the rectangle, as shown. We want to find the force on the charge q_T .



- (a) _____ Which of these is \vec{d} , the vector from the source to the target?

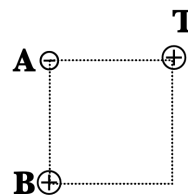
A) $0.3\hat{x} + 0.4\hat{y}$ **B)** $-0.3\hat{x} + 0.4\hat{y}$
C) $0.3\hat{x} - 0.4\hat{y}$ **D)** $-0.3\hat{x} - 0.4\hat{y}$

- (b) _____ What's the magnitude $|\vec{F}|$ of the force on T?

A) 0.11 N **B)** 0.22 N **C)** 0.43 N **D)** 0.64 N

4. _____ Consider three charges on a rectangle as shown. If the force on charge T from charge A is $\vec{F}_A = -5\hat{x}$, and the force on T from B is $\vec{F}_B = 3\hat{x} + 4\hat{y}$, what is the magnitude of the net force on T: $|F_T|$. (Hint: don't overthink this!)

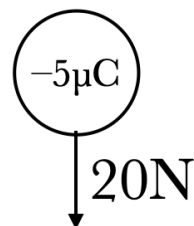
A) 0 N **B)** 2 N **C)** 4.5 N **D)** 8.9 N **E)** 10 N



4

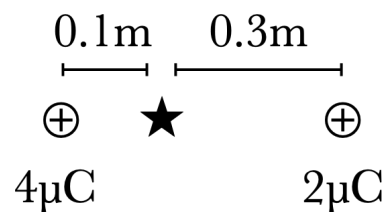
5. _____ A $-5\mu\text{C}$ charge feels a force of 20 N downward in an electric field. What is the electric field it experiences?

A) $2.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N/C} \uparrow$ **B)** $1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N/C} \uparrow$ **C)** $4 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C} \uparrow$
D) $2.5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ N/C} \downarrow$ **E)** $1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ N/C} \downarrow$ **F)** $4 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C} \downarrow$



4

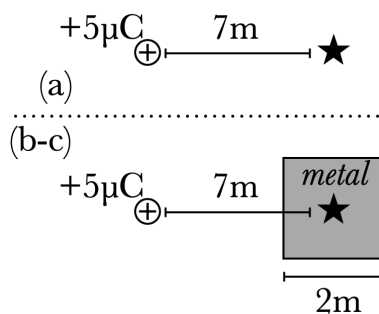
6. What is the electric field at the star between these two charges?
Give your answer with at least two significant digits.



4

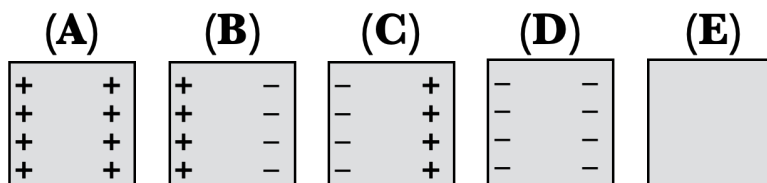
7. Consider a $+5\ \mu\text{C}$ source charge.

- (a) What is the electric field at the star, 7 meters away? Include magnitude AND direction (i.e. left, right, etc)



2

- (b) ____ Now suppose a neutral metal cube with a side of 2 meters is centered on the star. How does charge distribute itself on the surface of the cube?



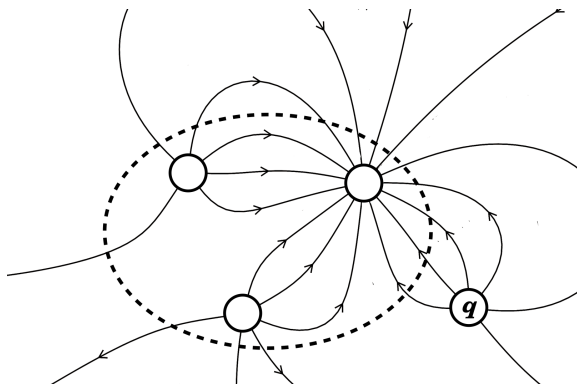
2

- (c) ____ Compared to your answer in part (a), the electric field at the star inside the cube
- A)** is stronger **B)** is the same
C) is weaker but not zero **D)** is zero

4

8. _____ The figure shows some field lines created by the charges shown. A Gaussian (i.e. imaginary) surface is drawn on the figure. If the charge q in the figure is equal to $+6\mu\text{C}$, then the total charge inside the Gaussian surface is

A) $+3\mu\text{C}$ B) $+6\mu\text{C}$ C) $+18\mu\text{C}$
 D) $-3\mu\text{C}$ E) $-6\mu\text{C}$ F) $-18\mu\text{C}$

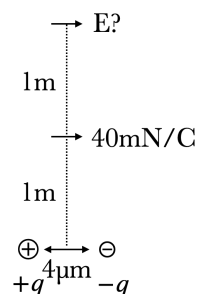


9. Consider two charges, $+q$ and $-q$, which are 4 microns apart. The electric field a distance 1 meter above the center of these charges is 40 mN/C . (Yes, a meter is much larger than a micron.)

4

- (a) _____ What is the electric field 2 meters above the center of these charges?

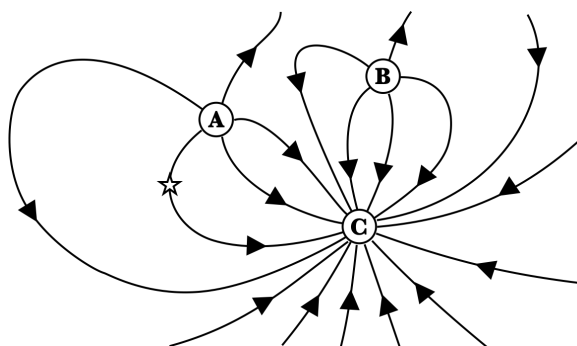
A) 80 mN/C B) 40 mN/C C) 20 mN/C D) 10 mN/C E) 5 mN/C



2

- (b) What is the name of this charge configuration?

10. Consider the field lines created by these three charges: A, B, and C.



4

(a) _____ Which charge or charges are positive?

- A)** A **B)** B **C)** C
D) A&B **E)** A&C **F)** B&C
G) All of them **H)** None of them

4

(b) _____ Which charge has the largest magnitude $|q|$?

- A)** A **B)** B **C)** C

4

(c) _____ In which direction does the electric field at the star point?

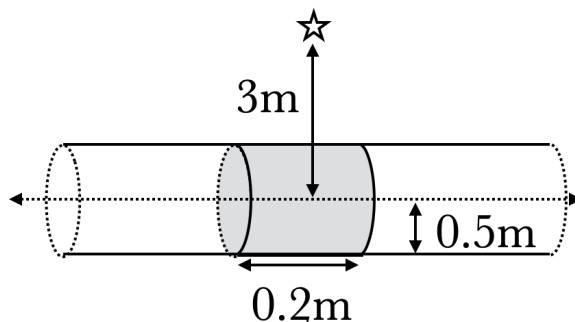
- A)** \uparrow **B)** \nearrow **C)** \rightarrow **D)** \searrow **E)** \downarrow

4

(d) _____ The total charge of these three charges is

- A)** negative **B)** zero **C)** positive

11. This figure shows an infinite cylindrical shell with a charge density of $4\mu\text{C}/\text{m}^2$ and a radius of $R = 0.5\text{ m}$.



- (a) _____ What symbol should we use to represent this charge density?
A) λ **B)** σ **C)** ρ

- (b) _____ What is the total charge of a section of the cylinder that is 0.2 m wide with a surface area of 0.628 m^2 ?
A) $0.16\mu\text{C}$ **B)** $0.64\mu\text{C}$ **C)** $2.51\mu\text{C}$ **D)** $6.4\mu\text{C}$

- (c) What is the electric field at the star, a distance of 3 m from the axis of the cylinder? Include magnitude AND direction.